

# Care Information

## **Engorgement**

#### What is engorgement?

- · A tight, full breast
- Can happen when your milk comes in (days 2-5).
- · Can happen if you miss a feeding/pumping
- Can be caused by unremoved milk, swollen tissue or a combination of both
- Your breast may be as hard as your forehead (breasts should be as soft as your cheek)
- You may feel warmth, tenderness, throbbing
- How to prevent Engorgement?
- Nurse or pump at least every 2-3 hours/day
- Do not go longer than 4-5 hours/night without nursing/pumping

#### How do you treat engorgement?

- Gentle breast massage before and during nursing/pumping
- Warm (not hot), moist compress for 5 minutes before nursing/pumping
- Cool compress after nursing/pumping (alternating 15 minutes on/15 minutes off)
- Ibuprofen or Motrin (if your doctor says it is safe for you) may help reduce inflammation
- Cabbage leaf compresses may be helpful

## What complications are possible from engorgement?

- Lower milk supply
- Difficulty latching baby
- Pair
- Plugged ducts (feels like a lump or hardened area
- Mastitis (reddened skin, fever, chills, flu-like symptoms)

# When to seek help from your physician:

- When a plugged duct does not go away after 24 hours
- When you have a fever or chills or flu-like symptoms or reddened/hot skin

# Hand Expression and Massage Video:

https://player.vimeo.com/video/65196007 Breastfeeding Medicine of North East Ohio

Ask a member of your baby's health care team if you have questions.

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